



Compost Certification Letter

What is compost? A Biological way to speed up the decay process of organic material under the right conditions of oxygen, water, carbon and nitrogen.

How is compost made? A mixture of materials (feedstock) is piled up into 7 feet tall windrows and turned every other day to aerate and mix. Microorganisms consume digestible carbon and generate heat, carbon is converted to long-chain carbohydrates (sugars & Starches) to stabilized humic acid.

Why use compost? Provides N (nitrogen) and other micro nutrients plus copper, iron, manganese, zinc and other nutrients for healthy plants. Slows down the release of nutrients when used with fertilizers. Soil benefits of compost; holds water lowers water bills, holds micronutrients, and improves soil aggregation (erosion).

Rate to Purchase

Free to anyone (does not have to be a Los Alamos County resident) with a \$3.00 per cubic yard loading fee

Compost Material

Biosolids - Waste Sludge from the LAC Wastewater Treatment Plant	25%
Stable Waste – Horse Manure from the LAC stables	25%
Green waste – Tree trimmings, leaves, grass clippings	50%

Regulations

CFR 40 Part 503 – Subpart B (Land Application of Biosolids)

Pollutant Limits and Monitoring Frequencies

Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)	once/5 years
PCB's	once/year
Mercury	once/year
Heavy Metals	once/year
Fecal Coliforms	each windrow

Pathogen and Vector Attraction Reduction

Biosolids treated in an aerobic process for 14 days or longer at a temperature higher than 40° C with an average of 45°C.

Table 3 40 CFR Part 503 Annual and Cumulative Land Application Rates		
Pollutant	503.13 Table 2 Cumulative Pollutant Loading Rate (kg/hectare)	
Arsenic	41	
Cadmium	39	
Copper	1,500	
Lead	300	
Mercury	17	
Nickel	420	
Selenium	100	
Zinc	2,800	

Sample Results for Biosolids 2019		
Metal	Biosolids	
	Concentrations	
	(milligrams/Kilogram)	
Arsenic	ND	
Cadmium	ND	
Chromium	27	
Copper	230	
Lead	11	
Molybdenum	ND	
Mercury	0.62	
Nickel	9.1	
Selenium	ND	
Zinc	430	
PCB's	ND	

Fecal Coliform Limits – Class A < 1,000 cfu/gram Class B < 2,000,000 cfu/gram

Los Alamos Compost

Fecal Coliform Results - Windrow results so far have been < 20 cfu/gram

Would not recommend using compost with biosolids on vegetable gardens

"I certify, under penalty of law, that the information that will be used to determine compliance with the management practices in 503.14 (e), the Class A pathogen requirements in 503.32 (a) and vector attraction reduction requirements have been met. This determination has been made under my direction and supervision. Operation, sampling and testing are performed by qualified personnel. I am aware that there are significant penalties for false certification including the possibilities of fine and imprisonment."

Joshua Silva

Los Alamos County WWTP Supervisor Date: <u>5-7-19</u>

If you have any questions regarding the Compost, Federal Regulation, and or testing requirements, please contact:

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